### Section I, A, 11, revise;

11. When the qualification of one thousand dollars (\$1,000) in one (1) rodeo season is filled, a semi-pro member will have the option to purchase a full membership. The one thousand dollars (\$1,000) must be won on the members' semi pro card. No money won on a permit will be carried forward to count towards a full membership. If a semi-pro member elects to purchase a full membership at this time, earnings will be carried over to the full membership and count towards the current standings. If a semi-pro member does not purchase full membership and continues to compete on a semi-pro card, no earnings will be transferred to a full card later in the rodeo season. The Association will not advise semi-pros when their card is filled, this is the individual's responsibility.

## Section I, A, 11, (b), revise;

(b) Earnings on a semi-pro card will count toward rookie standings the first season a semi-pro member elects to purchase a full membership only if a semi pro member elects to purchase a full membership after one thousand dollars (\$1,000) has been won in one rodeo season. If a semi pro member does not purchase a full membership and continues to complete on a semi pro card, no earnings will be counted in the rookie standings. A semi-pro will only be eligible for the rookie award once.

### Section I, C, 12, new;

10. All new announcers' applications that do not hold a PRCA card must fill the following qualifications: For an announcer to obtain a card to announce at Association rodeos, they must have their membership signed with an accredited CPRA Full carded Announcer in good standing, an accredited CPRA Full carded Stock Contractor in good standing, and a CPRA Committee in good standing. The applicant will remain on probation for two (2) years or at the discretion of the Board of Directors, and member may be revoked at any time.

## Section II A, 6, revise;

6. A contestant wishing to compete at an Association approved rodeo must hold a current, valid membership or permit by no later than two (2) CPRA office business days prior to the date entries open, or the entry will not be accepted for the said rodeo. If dues are returned NSF, the membership is not valid and the member will be drawn out of all rodeos entered for. The membership due dates will be published with the rodeo approval in *Canadian Pro Rodeo News*.

## Section II, A, 10, revise;

A fee of one hundred dollars (\$100) for a member to be registered on the "Patch Program." This fee includes all registered patches. If a member fails to register with the CPRA patch program they will be fined subject to "Patch Program" rules. Patch Program must be renewed yearly with a one hundred dollar (\$100) fee.

## Section II, C, 2, revise;

1. All members of the Association must make an honest effort when competing in the arena. If an honest effort is not made, the member is liable to disqualification that year and the next at that particular rodeo. Subject to a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine and the rodeo fined for will not be included in the current seasons rodeo count.

### Section III, A, 33; revise;

33. If a contestant qualifies for the finals of a **Pro** rodeo, and that contestant is scheduled to compete on the same day in another rodeo, with added purse money of \$3,000 or more in the event that contestant entered (the "conflicting rodeo"), **only** the **conflicted** contestant will be moved forward at the conflicting **Pro** rodeo to the first available position **in the event they made the finals for**, where

possible. The contestant must notify the Central Rodeo Entry Office or the arena secretary at the conflicting rodeo of the conflict no later than the turn-out deadline for his originally scheduled performance at the conflicting rodeo. If there are no available positions, the contestant will not be moved.

## Section III, B, 10 (c), new;

(c) An approval fee will not be applied to the novice events and the steer riding.

## Section III, B, 12, new;

12. No single or special event will be approved by the CPRA board of directors if it is in conflict with or will draw contestants away from a performance of a CPRA Rodeo.

### Section IV, A, 4, revise;

4. The rodeo committee or stock contractor, depending upon which provides the arena secretary, will be responsible for the secretary's mistakes or discrepancies in the pay off unofficial results or in the handling of entry fees as well as the end rodeo reports. The party responsible for providing the rodeo secretary will be subject to a fine of fifty dollar (\$50) in the event that there are mistakes made.

#### Section IV, B, 3, revise;

3. Contestant must pay their entry fees in all events before the first go-round rodeo is over. , unless other arrangements are made with the secretary. In all cases, entry fees are to be paid in Canadian currency.

#### Section IV, B, 3, (a), i – iv, revise;

- i. a contestant has (2) two business days following the rodeo to pay their fees; contestant is fined two hundred dollars (\$200) per rodeo
- ii. if fees are not paid by the (2) two business days, fine will be (\$50) fifty dollars per rodeo with unpaid fees; Contestant will be ineligible to compete or enter any rodeos until all fees and fines are paid in full.
- iii. if a contestant is already entered and competes in a future rodeo after the (2) two business days and does not have their fees paid from previous week(s), a \$150 fine per location will be assessed;
- iv. under Section IV, B, Paying of Entry Fees, all outstanding accounts relating to this rule must be paid. Rule Section II, D, 4, "outstanding accounts must be paid in (30) thirty days" does not apply.

### Section IV, B, 8, revise:

8. In any instance where an Association member presents an N.S.F. cheque in payment for their entry fee, this cheque will be honoured by the Association, only if the rodeo secretary is an Association member and a member has a "C" following their card number. Any such cheque must be sent to the Association office within sixty (60) days of the last performance of the rodeo in question. Failure to comply with this will result in the Association not honouring the outstanding amount owed to the rodeo committee. Rodeo secretaries may accept cheques from permit holders and members with a "C" following their card number for the amount of the entry fees only.

### Section IV, D, 4, new;

4. If the original team roping partner (header or heeler) turns out, doctor releases or visible injury releases, it will be the replacement contestant's responsibility to pay team roping entry fees and team roping associated fees (Team Roping Fee and Team Roping CFR Prize

Money Fee). The contestant who turned out, doctor released or visible injury released will be responsible for the CRES fees, associated fees and turn out fine if applicable.

## Section IV, D, 6, (a), iv, new;

iv. A contestant may extend a ten (10) or thirty (30) day Doctor Release prior to the Doctor Release ending. The contestant may extend the release to any rodeo entered prior to the start date of the original doctor release date. If extending a doctors release, the contestant must turnout of a complete rodeo weekend, giving a minimum three (3) hours' notice to the performance(s) drawn to and state you have already given a ten (10) or thirty (30) day doctor release. Contestant must phone in the extension before the original ten (10) or thirty (30) day release is over.

### Section IV, D, 6, (a), v, revise;

Notification must be given as outlined in section IV, rule D5. If contestant fails to notify CRES or rodeo secretary, as outline in section IV, rule D5, the contestant will be considered a non-notified vet release and will be required to pay entry fees, including CRES and associated fees and a non-notified turn out fine of seventy five (\$75) one hundred (\$100) dollars for the rodeo in question

## Section IV, D, 6, (a), x, new;

x. If a contestant makes a short round and medicals out, the contestant will still qualify for the aggregate. Contestant must give a ten (10) or thirty (30) day doctor release before the stock is drawn.

## Section IV, F, 5, (g), revise;

(g) Money for each go-rounds and/or aggregate.
In the Team Roping, divide the net money (after administration fee is deducted) by two (2) before continuing.

# Section IV, F, 5, (h) i – iv, revise;

(h)

- i. One (1) go-round with a finals and aggregate: Aggregate and go-round are the same. Deduct amount of the short-go money from the before mentioned total (In the team roping, divide the answer by two (2) before continuing). Divide the remaining total by two (2) and the answer will be the go-round and the aggregate.
- ii. Two (2) go-rounds with a finals and aggregate: Aggregate is one and one-half (1-1/2) times the go-round. Deduct amount of the short-go money from the before mentioned total (In the team roping, divide the answer by two (2) before continuing). Divide the balance by seven (7). Twice (2) the answer is the go-round. Three (3) times the answer is the aggregate.
- iii. Three (3) go-rounds with a finals and aggregate: Aggregate is twice (2) the go-round. Deduct amount of the short-go money from the before mentioned total (In the team roping, divide the answer by two (2) before continuing). Divide the remaining figure by five (5) and the answer will be the go-round. Twice (2) the answer will be the aggregate.
- iv. More than three (3) go-rounds with a finals and aggregate: Aggregate is three (3) times the goround. Deduct amount of the short-go money from the before mentioned total (In the team roping, divide the answer by two (2) before continuing). Divide the balance by the number of

go-rounds plus three (3). The answer will be the go-rounds, and three (3) times the answer will be the aggregate.

## Section IV, H, new; (currently H. Officials will move to be I. Officials)

### H. Pay-off (Team Roping)

- 1. All Entry fees are to be added to the purse.
  - (a) An administrative fee of three percent (3%) will be deducted from the entry fees and purse
    - i. An additional three (3%) percent will be deducted from the entry fees and purse if the rodeo is PRCA approved.

## 2. Money Splits

Amounts listed herein for team roping shall be per man.

- (a) Four (4) monies shall be paid in the go round or aggregate whenever there is two thousand nine hundred ninety nine dollars (\$2,999) or less. The splits shall be as follows: forty percent (40%), thirty percent (30%), twenty percent (20%), ten percent (10%).
- (b) Six (6) monies shall be paid in the go round or aggregate whenever there is three thousand dollars (\$3,000) or more, but under seven thousand dollars (\$7,000). The splits shall be as follows: twenty nine percent (29%), twenty four percent (24%), nineteen percent (19%), fourteen percent (14%), nine percent (9%), five percent (5%).
- (c) Eight (8) Monies shall be paid in the go round or aggregate whenever there is seven thousand dollars (\$7,000) or more. The splits shall be as follows: twenty thee percent (23%), twenty percent (20%), seventeen percent (17%), fourteen percent (14%), eleven percent (11%), eight percent (8%), five percent (5%), two percent (2%).
- (d) Ten (10) Monies shall be paid in the go round whenever there is twelve thousand fine hundred dollars (\$12,500) or more. The splits shall be as follows: nineteen percent (19%), seventeen percent (17%), fifteen percent (15%), thirteen percent (13%), eleven percent (11%), nine percent (9%), seven percent (7%), five percent (5%), three percent (3%), one percent (1%).

### Section V, A, 9, revise;

9. There will be a one (1) hour grace period after entry closing time and the event splits are obtained from the stock contractor and/or committee to allow contestants to change their preference, draw out, **split off events**, or **split a buddy group**. Contestants will not be permitted to enter during the designated grace period or change the order of entry.

## Section V, B, 3, (b) i, new;

i. After the primary stock contractor or rodeo committee has set up the performance maximums, and there is one (1) or more position(s) available in a performance, CRES may place a buddy group in that position overloading the performance to a maximum of 3 places. Only one buddy group may overload a performance. If the performance is already full, no buddy groups shall be allowed to overload the performance.

## Section VI, A, 10, revise;

10. Nominations of stock for CFR are to be received by the Association office by August 15, stock selection by September 30 received at the end of seven (7) CPRA business days following the final performance of the last rodeo of the season, and injury substitutions are to be made by October 15 of the given year.

## Section VII B. 2 (g), revise;

(g) If a rider makes two (2) honest attempts to get on a chute-fighting animal and is unable to do so a reride may be awarded. If a contestant makes a third (3rd) attempt, that is the contestants animal. No further rerides will be offered.

## Section VII, B, 6, (a) i & i, a), revise;

- In the three (3) riding events (bareback, saddle bronc, and bull riding) one (1) reride animal for every six (6) seven (7) contestants in each performance and each slack session will be drawn in the prescribed manner:
  - a) When the stock contractor submits their stock list to CRES, they will submit the branded number of one more animal for every six (6) seven (7) contestants than is required to furnish each contestant in that performance or slack with an animal. When there are 18 or more contestants in a performance or slack, the stock contractor will submit four (4) more additional animals, or a number at the discretion of the event representative, than is required. Each stock contractor may feature a maximum of up to seventy percent (70%) of the animals in the draw, exempt from rerides. Event representative has the ability to take undesired animal(s) off the feature list. The remaining animals will be put in a hopper and one (1) animal for every six (6) seven (7) contestants per performance or slack session will be drawn as the designated re-ride animal(s) for each specific performance or slack, or

### Section VII, B, 6, (a), i., b), revise;

b) If, after all drawn re-rides and turned out stock are used, more re-rides are needed, it will be the responsibility of the judges to draw re-rides from a pen (Pen is defined as: more than one (1) animal) of animals which represents the animals used in any given performance agreeable to the stock contractor. All re-ride stock should be available during or immediately following the performance in which the re-ride was granted.

### Section VII, C, 11, new;

**11.** All animals in a particular rodeo draw must be present at the rodeo. Judges are to inspect and confirm the animals are present unless the animal is injured.

### Section VII, F, 9, new;

9. Using the three (3) judge system, in the case of a tie for last place in a short round, the back judge score will break a tie. If the tie is broken, the contestant with the higher score will place in the average and will advance to the short round. If the contestants are still tied, both or all tied contestants will advance to the short round unless otherwise stated in the ground rules.

### Section VIII, A, 11, revise;

11. During any performance, if an animal in the timed events escapes the chutes or pens before it is called for by the contestant, or if automatic barrier fails to work, the drawn spare will be used. If no spare is drawn, animal will be brought back.

## Section VIII, A, 16, revise;

16. In the Tie Down Roping, Steer Wrestling, and Team Roping, if in the opinion of the line judge, the animal falls (Falls, is defined as: goes to knees or hocks) before it crosses the score line, the contestant shall be entitled to a rerun. on the designated spare. There will be no penalty added to the rerun if, in the opinion of the judge, the contestant did not deliberately beat the barrier broke the barrier due to animal falling. If the judge believes the contestant would have broke the barrier whether the animal fell or not, no rerun will be given.

## Section VIII, A, 16, (a) & i, new;

- (a) In the Tie Down Roping, Steer Wrestling, and Team Roping in the opinion of the line judge the animal turns between the chute and the score line, or ducks back into the box and doesn't allow the competitor to compete, a rerun will be rewarded on the designated spare.
  - i. The animal will be removed from the draw for life or the contractor will be fined two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250).

### Section VIII, A, 19, remove;

19.- All contestants are required to make an honest effort at all times when competing. Failure to do so will result in a one hundred dollar (\$100) fine.

### Section VIII, A, 19, new;

19. Anytime a rerun is awarded, the rerun will be ran at the discretion of the judge(s).

## Section VIII, A, 20, new;

20. Anytime a spare is awarded, the initial animal is taken out of the draw.

### Section VIII, B, 1, (g), revise;

(g) In the timed events, any time a rerun is awarded the spare animal will be used. The the spare animals will be drawn in the following manner: In all performances two (2) spares will be drawn for and designated as spares one (1) and two (2). In the slack when a complete run on the livestock is drawn, spares will be designated and used as follows: The last steer drawn will be spare one (1); the second last spare drawn will be spare two (2) and so on. If either of these spares are used, the contestant who has was drawn the last steer will now have a redraw from the entire herd on the next run of cattle. In the slack when a complete run on the cattle is not completed and spares can be drawn, two (2) spares will be drawn and used in that order as required.

## Section VIII, B, 1, (h) & (h) i – ii, revise;

- (h) Any time a contestant is awarded a rerun due to being fouled by neck rope, barrier or other reasons that deem a rerun, contestant will be awarded the spare and the following will apply:
  - i. If contestant broke out on initial run, they will get the drawn spare animal back lap and tap plus the barrier penalty that was incurred on the initial run.
  - ii. If no barrier penalty was incurred on initial run, contestant will get the drawn spare animal back and barrier will be used.

### Section VIII, B, 1, (h), iii., b); remove;

b) However, a contestant (tie down roper, steer wrestler, hazer, header or heeler) must give the animal fair and honest start (the appropriate move at that rodeo). The contestant cannot purposely ride by the animal with the intent to stop or set up the animal before the score line.

# Section VIII, B, 3, (c), revise;

(c) If automatic barrier fails to work and official time has not started, contestant will get a rerun on the drawn spare animal if a qualified run is made.

# Section VIII, E, 5 remove;

5.—Steer wrestler is required to turn steer's head so he can get up upon completion of run.

# Section IX, B, 3, (a), remove;

(a)—If any distances should be changed and discovered before the end of the performance, a rerun must be held immediately following the performance using the correct measurements. If not corrected, split monies must be paid.

# Section IX, D 1 – 5, new;

- Reruns would not be given on an individual basis due to ground conditions. If ground conditions are such that a rerun would be granted, barrel race should be stopped and all contestants in section(s) declared by judges granted a rerun when ground conditions are corrected. A section is defined as the maximum number of contestants in a performance or any number of contestants in a rake. Each contestant shall have the option to rerun or keep her recorded time. No penalties will be carried over to the rerun. The secretary, judge(s) and all other officials shall try to notify contestants of the rerun. However, lack of notification shall not be the grounds to change the results.
  - (a) When a rerun is given, the time will be set by the judge and the section will run in the order originally drawn, with a thirty (30) minute time span if the contestant so desires.
  - (b) If electric eye and back-up times are missed, a contestant shall be granted a rerun per Section IX, D, 1, (a). with no penalties assessed.
- 2. Should, for any reason, the barrels not be placed on the markers or the electric eye or the flagman not be in the correct place, things must be put in correct order and all contestants who ran on the incorrect course must be rerun with no penalties assessed. However, if it is to the contestant's disadvantage (in the arena), then she shall be allowed to choose whether to rerun or take her original time.
  - (a) Judge(s) must make decision that the barrels were not on marker. Should this happen, contestants and judge(s) should be notified, then judge and/or arena director will set the time for rerun.
  - (b) In the event a barrel is off the marker or the timer or flag man in not the proper position and ALL contestants cannot be notified, and ground conditions cannot be corrected and a rerun given, the rodeo will be paid off using the day money system in order not to sacrifice money won at that rodeo.
- 3. If a contestant feels she has been fouled during a competition run, she must immediately declare herself to the judge(s) (i.e., pull up and stop your horse) for the option for a rerun. This does not apply to unsafe ground conditions.

- 4. When a rerun is required for any reason, there shall be a delay of thirty (30) minutes, if the contestant so desires.
- 5. Penalties assessed will not be carried over to rerun.

## Section XI, D, remove section;

## **D.** Permit Award

- 1. A trophy will be awarded to the permit holder accumulating the most points in a regular rodeo season. If contestant exceeds the allowed maximum as a permit holder, and turns in their permit for a membership, their points will continue to count toward the permit trophy. Points in all of the major events will count for this trophy at the end of the regular season. Points earned at special events will not count towards to permit award.
- 2. Only permit holders who have filled their permits are eligible to have points count toward permit trophy after they take out a membership card. A contestant is only eligible to win a permit award once.

## Section XI, F, 1, revise;

1. Rookie of the year shall be defined as that first-year member contestant winning the most money in one (1) or more of the major **and major optional** events in a regular rodeo season. Money won at special events will not count towards the rookie of the year award.

## Section XI, I, 2, revise;

2. Bucking stock must be in an approved CPRA Rodeo draw three (3) times to qualify to be eligible to compete at the CFR. **Re-rides do not count for CFR trips unless the animal is used in the rodeo draw.** 

## Section XI, I, 2, (a); new;

(a) Permit stock that are bought by a full carded contractor and have been in the required amount of draws at approved CPRA events will be eligible to compete at the CFR.